Crit the crit

**Community-building approach to faculty learning** through the Scholarship of Teaching and Learning across schools, disciplines and departments

FLC

"a community not a committee"



This FLC explored studio-based critique methodologies and typologies used at Pratt

Faculty considerations of pedagogical approach in different fields and the various methods used to perform critiques in different fields

Crit the crit



	<b>T Camille Martin</b> School of Design
	Gaia Hwang Grad ComD
	<b>Kelly Driscoll</b> Fine Art
	<b>Analia Segal</b> Sculpture and Interdisciplinary
	<b>Eva Perez de Vega</b> Architecture
	Farzam Yazdanseta Architecture
	<b>Raphael Griswold</b> Fine Art
	Rhonda Schaller Director of CPD
	<b>Dianne Bellino</b> School of Art
	<b>John Monti</b> Fine Art
who are we	Loukia Tsafoulia Interior Design
	<b>Jennifer Leung</b> HMS
MAX Sector	Anthony Caradonna Architecture
	<section-header></section-header>



Do the fields of art, design, architecture, and creative writing produce a **distinctive approach to critique?** 

How do we **discuss a tradition of critique** that has been inherited and understood in different disciplines?

Inquiry

Which **typologies of critiques** are more employed for formative and summative assessment?

What types of **skills**, **attitudes and approaches are desirable** in the participants of a critique?

# What **types of scaffolding** are

necessary over students' educational experience of critique to support and sustain learning? Producing a comprehensive definition of critique would be an *impossible* task that might not be *even desirable* 

# Findings

Producing a comprehensive definition of critique would be an *impossible* task that might not be *even desirable* 

The excitement and surprise of discovering a variety of approaches and techniques across disciplines manifested the need to **create venues to share them** 

Findings

MAMAN





Mapping and recording this asset became the primary goal of the group

and approach the work that they find interesting and engage the student in a conversation. Student and invited guest have control over the timing and specificity of the conversation/ critique.

(Parsons design Elective)

3 Shared studio critiques – student presentation / faculty commentary

3a. Shared faculty review of low passing or failing projects; students not present

## EPdV:

3b. Two faculty of same year but different sections share a review for the same project, by pairing students and alternating pinup order. Differences in faculty approach of the project make help student see different vantage points, as well as getting informed comments given the familiarity with the project intentions. (2<sup>nd</sup> Year UA)

4 Portfolio Reviews - FA/SP terms by studio instructor on first day of term One on one review/discussion and formatted grading rubric completed by faculty / recorded by dpt / accessible to students f structure + content completion / academic pro

# Non participatory observations

f structure + content completion / academic progress in studio courses program faculty in one annual portfolio day)

3

#### **Type of Critique** Self, Group, Juried, Round robin, Desk Crit, Individual Critiques, Pin Lins, On line, Silent

Individual Critiques, Pin Ups, On line, Silent review, Student lead cross crit, Written evaluation, Science fair, Studio visit, Peer review, Adaptive, Panel discussion, Defense

## Questions, answers and comments [+ by who and how much]

Silent review, Presentation, Conversational, Dialogical, Commentary, Silent Are there closing, summary remarks by the faculty and jurors? Are students invited to ask questions or comment at the close?

#### Participants inhabitation of the space

Sitting, Standing; Room equipment organized radially, around a focal point, in parallel rows, one directional, other, Around a table, in front of the work, distance; Dynamic or static

#### **Recording and documentation**

Questions, answers and comments

Silent review, Presentation, Conversational,

Are there closing, summary remarks by the faculty and jurors?

Are students invited to ask questions or comment at the close?

[+ by who and how much]

Dialogical, Commentary, Silent

Video, audio recording, not takers; streaming Is the review officially photographed or recorded for institutional marketing, etc? Informally photographed or recorded by students to preserve information communicated? Is the student invited to take notes?

## Time in the year and semester

## Discipline

#### Location

Classroom, studio space, lab, hallway, amphitheater, gallery; open air vs interior.

# **Critique matrix**

#### Assessment

Formative, Summative

## Time in the project

Initial, intermediate, final

#### Expectations

How is this communicated to students? How is this communicated to the jury? Do students know what to expect? Do they create the their ground rules or comment on the rubrics? What are student's perception of the critique assessment process and methods? Is there feedback on process and learning? How are students informed of the format?

## Type of project

Design Solution, prototype, building proposal, urban proposal, installation, thesis proposal, ...

## Timing, Pace, Order

Length, parallel sessions, Line up; One to one, One to group, Group to one, Group to Group; order of presentations How long was each review? How many students are reviewed at a time? What is the order of critique? Is applause a part of the review, either after each student project or in closing?

#### Jury Makeup

Peer driven, Faculty driven, Guest driven, Expert driven; Gender ratio; Selection of juror What is the gender/diversity makeup of the panel? How did you choose the juror? Who do you typically invite and why?



# LOCATION classroom, hallway, gallery, faculty office, café, ... EXPOSURE intimate public ENERGY static dynamic ASSESSMENT project formative project initial mid progress final





	Does the STUDENT	CRITIC	
	× length	length	length
ANSWERS			
COMMENTS			
PRESENT			
APPLAUSE			
<b>REMARKS</b>			

	Does the STUDENT	CRITIC	
ANSWERS			
PRESENT			
APPLAUSE REMARKS			



Critics led

Highly Participatory

DNA

The FLC expertise does not cover assessment, and the goal of the group was never to evaluate practices or techniques

Self reflection has been a fundamental tool for deepening our understanding of critique

We do not aim to determine best practices rather to mirror and visualize the expertise present in our institution.

# No assessment





The definition of critique would always be inadequate unless it emerges from the combination and comparison of multiple approaches from different disciplines.

Many critique traditions across the Institute embody the legacy of a particular discipline, school, department or faculty cohort

Inter-disciplinarity



By creating a catalogue we are able to begin to uncover the inherent traditions of the institute, how they manifest in different disciplines, and how can we design a language to describe them.

# The catalogue



We would like to ask for you to email us one or more names of colleagues who use interesting critique formats or reviews happening in your department that we might add in Pratt catalogue T. Camille Martin tmarti12@pratt.edu Gaia Hwang gscagnet@pratt.edu

You can nominate yourself!

**Call for participation** 

